

Orbis Global Equity

Prior to Russia's invasion of Ukraine on 24 February, the Orbis Global Equity Strategy had less than a 2% position in Russia. We were concerned for some time about increasing tensions between the two countries and trimmed our overall exposure to Russia in recent months. With the benefit of hindsight, we should have eliminated the position much sooner. At present, we have little confidence in our ability to recover value from these positions and wrote them down to zero in early March. As noted in our president's message, we have suspended investing any new capital into Russia, and when trading resumes for foreign investors, we will seek to exit our Russian holdings in a manner that is in the interests of our clients. Our thoughts remain with those in harm's way and we hope for a prompt and peaceful resolution.

While investors seem to be focused on understanding the immediate impact on markets, we think this misses a much bigger point. Russia's funding ultimately comes from energy exports more than anything else. To date, these exports have continued, but it is increasingly likely they will come under pressure either from explicit sanctions or self-imposed decisions to suspend dealings with Russia. Even if Russian oil and gas can escape Western boycotts via other countries such as China, there is insufficient infrastructure to fill the gap straight away, as much of it is delivered to Europe.

The real question is what happens if there is a more sustained disruption in Russian energy production itself. For example, a ban on the sale of equipment to Russia for oil and gas extraction could impair long-term production capacity. The old adage that "the best cure for high prices is high prices" remains true—other suppliers will happily step in to fill the gap left by Russia. But so far that supply response has been limited for a variety of reasons, and supply was already very tight prior to the invasion. In fact, it is precisely because fossil fuels have been so deeply out of favour for so long that the supply crunch exists in the first place. In our view, many investors are only beginning to grasp many of these longer-term implications.

Nor are energy prices the only concern. Other key commodities ranging from wheat to nickel have surged as Russian and Ukrainian supplies have been cut off or severely constrained. Even more obscure chemicals such as neon—which is just as essential to making semiconductors as it is the flashing signs in Soho or Times Square—are in short supply and will almost certainly affect the pricing of many other products. The US Federal Reserve is clinging to the view that inflation will be "transitory", but this does not inspire confidence. In fact, the Fed's limited response thus far probably raises the odds that inflation will persist.

For investors, the resurgence of inflation is a potential game-changer. The current situation can be seen as a mirror image from the last major shift in inflation in 1982. Back then, after a very painful period of rising prices in the 1970s, inflation was finally crushed when the Federal Reserve led by Chairman Paul Volcker raised short-term interest rates as high as 20%. Still, investors didn't believe inflation had been defeated, so they continued to price assets as if nothing happened. Corporate profits were roughly 5% of US GDP and the S&P 500 traded at about 8 times earnings (or 40% of GDP) and it was a phenomenal opportunity to buy stocks.

Today corporate profits are roughly 8% of GDP and the S&P trades at about 25 times trailing earnings—200% of GDP. Real interest rates have plummeted to near -8% in the US, when they should arguably be above normal (perhaps 3%) to help fight above-trend inflation. This hurts stocks that are priced at inflated multiples of revenue or earnings (if any)—and it should be no surprise that many of the market darlings of the pandemic era have suffered in recent months.

Said differently, the market environment in recent years has been characterised by a TINA mentality—There Is No Alternative—in which investors have had little choice but to chase increasingly frothy equity returns rather than sitting in cash at 0% yield or the "return-free risk" offered by many government bonds.

At Orbis, we don't get along very well with TINA. As value-oriented investors, we struggle to keep pace in the latter stages of valuation cycles as equity markets become increasingly expensive, as has been the case in recent years. We prefer TASHA—There Are Some Healthy Alternatives—and that's exactly the mindset that we bring to the opportunity set today.

Commodity producers are one such alternative. Teck Resources—a Canadian mining company—offers a 25% free cash flow yield at current commodity prices. Put another way, owners of the business may get all of



Orbis Global Equity (continued)

their money back after just four years if prices remain at current levels. But even if there is a correction in commodity prices, Teck still looks reasonably attractive under more conservative long-term assumptions.

Brazilian iron ore miner Vale is another good example. Prior to the end of 2021, iron ore prices had previously halved from their recent peak on China property fears headlined by the Evergrande crisis. Vale is one of four iron ore majors globally and is also the world's largest producer of nickel, a critical component for electric vehicles. It has net cash on its balance sheet and trades at just 6 times 2022 earnings forecasts. At current production levels and iron ore prices of \$150 per tonne, Vale generates a free cash flow yield of about 25%, but even at \$80 per tonne it would still deliver about 8-10% free cash flow yield. That tells us that the stock is fairly valued with ore at \$80 and a steal if current prices persist. Of course, the current levels may be unsustainably high, but high commodity prices provide a reassuring margin of safety. The longer high prices persist, the more cash will flow back to the owners of the business, which in turn provides fundamental support for the share price.

If we are correct that the stockpicking environment is changing, then banks may offer yet another healthy alternative. One of the key arguments against owning banks has been that low interest rates compress lending spreads, and the longer that persists, the more pressure it puts on net interest margins. But interest rates have recently been the lowest in 5,000 years of knowable history and it would be unreasonable to assume that this will persist indefinitely—particularly in light of the sharp uptick in inflation. For banks, the headwind from interest rates should now fade, and perhaps at some point turn into a tailwind.

KB Financial Group—one of the leading lenders in South Korea—has loan growth targeted at 5-6% for 2022, with a small amount of net interest margin expansion too. KB is paying about a 5% dividend yield—which should rise over time as it boosts its payout ratio—and it trades at just 50% of its book value. Valuation figures like these might normally be signs of distress or weak fundamentals for a bank, but KB has an impressive track record of profitability and is well-capitalised, looking poised to reward us over our long-term investment horizon.

Interestingly, "boring" companies like Teck, Vale and KB now compare favourably to some of the more fashionable stocks that tend to get far more attention from investors. A general perception in recent years has been that tech companies and other "disruptive" businesses are the only real source of robust and growing cash flows—consistent with the TINA mindset—but we think some of these more mundane businesses deserve a second look. And not just from a value perspective, but on the strength of their fundamentals as well. Many are now in a position to return significant cash to shareholders, have very healthy balance sheets and are trading at vastly lower multiples than the stockmarket darlings of recent years.

In our view, there are still plenty of healthy alternatives to choose from in the current environment, particularly as growth rates fade and valuation multiples are squeezed by rising interest rates. While the likes of Teck, Vale and KB are just a few examples, they are representative of the types of new opportunities that we have been focusing on of late. That said, we are still every bit as enthusiastic about many of the other top holdings that we discussed in our "tour" of the portfolio in last quarter's commentary.

While Global's performance in the first quarter was similar to that of its benchmark, we got there very differently. It has been frustrating that our exposure to Russia and China has hurt performance, but being underweight the most expensive parts of the market in favour of our selection of healthy alternatives has been a tailwind. One we believe has far more room to run.

Commentary contributed by Ben Preston, Orbis Portfolio Management (Europe) LLP, London

This report does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any interests, shares or other securities in the companies mentioned in it nor does it constitute financial advice.



Orbis Global Equity Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) ("Shared Investor RRF Class (A)")

The Fund is designed to be exposed to all of the risks and rewards of selected global equities. It aims to earn higher returns than world stockmarkets, without greater risk of loss. The performance fee benchmark ("Benchmark") of the Class is the MSCI World Index, including income, after withholding taxes ("MSCI World Index"). Currency exposure is managed separately to equity exposure.

US\$292.82	Benchmark	MSCI World Index
US dollars	Peer group	Average Global Equity
Bermuda		Fund Index
nutual fund	Fund size	US\$5.6 billion
US\$50,000	Fund inception	1 January 1990
(Thursdays)	Strategy size	US\$20.6 billion
None	Strategy incept	ion 1 January 1990
6766G1244	Class inception	14 May 2020
	US dollars Bermuda mutual fund US\$50,000 (Thursdays) None 6766G1244	US dollars Bermuda nutual fund US\$50,000 (Thursdays) None Peer group Fund size Fund inception Strategy size Strategy incepti

For an initial period of time,* the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) is charging the fee of the Investor Share Class, reduced by 0.3% per annum,† with reference to the FTSE World Index, including income, before withholding taxes ("FTSE World Index"). Numerous investors have switched to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from the Investor Share Class. This temporary measure will ensure that the fees paid by investors account for underperformance experienced by the Investor Share Class before the inception date of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). The FTSE World Index is being reported in the relevant sections below during this period.

Growth of US\$10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



Information for the period before the inception of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) on 14 May 2020 (date indicated by dashed line above) relates to the Investor Share Class. Returns¹ (%) Geographical & Currency Allocation (%)

	Fund	Peer group	FTSE World Index
Annualised	Net		Gross
Since Fund inception	11.0	6.1	7.7
30 years	10.9	6.5	8.7
10 years	8.7	8.0	11.0
5 years	6.8	9.2	12.6
3 years	10.3	11.2	15.2
	Class	Peer group	FTSE World Index
Since Class inception	21.6	22.4	27.6
1 year	(3.4)	3.4	9.7
Not annualised			
3 months	(5.4)	(7.4)	(4.8)
1 month	(0.8)		2.7

	Year	Net %
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception	2003	45.7
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception	2008	(35.9)

Risk Measures,1 since Fund inception

	Fund	Peer group	FTSE World Index
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	50	52	54
Months to recovery	42	73	66
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	16.5	14.3	15.2
Beta vs FTSE World Index	0.9	0.9	1.0
Tracking error vs FTSE World Index (%)	8.8	4.2	0.0

Portfolio Concentration & Characteristics

% of NAV in top 25 holdings Total number of holdings	66 87
12 month portfolio turnover (%)	50
12 month name turnover (%)	34
Active share ² (%)	93

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Region	Equity	Currency	FTSE World Index	
Developed Markets	79	87	94	
United States	40	44	64	
United Kingdom	14	13	4	
Japan	10	10	7	
Continental Europe	8	10	13	
Other	7	10	7	
Emerging Markets	18	13	6	
Net Current Assets	3	0	0	
Total	100	100	100	

Top 10 Holdings

	FTSE Sector	%
British American Tobacco	Consumer Staples	7.8
FLEETCOR Technologies	Industrials	3.6
Global Payments	Industrials	3.6
UnitedHealth Group	Health Care	3.4
XPO Logistics	Industrials	3.4
Anthem	Health Care	3.1
Newcrest Mining	Basic Materials	3.0
Howmet Aerospace	Industrials	2.9
Progressive	Financials	2.8
GXO Logistics	Industrials	2.7
Total		36.2

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Ongoing charges	1.24	
Fixed management fee ³	1.20	
Fund expenses	0.04	
Performance related management fee ³	(0.70)	
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.55	
The average management fee* charged by the Investor Share Class is 0.80% per annum.		

*The Shared Investor RRF Class (A) will continue to charge the fee of the Investor Share Class, reduced by 0.3% per annum,† with reference to the FTSE World Index until the earlier of the first dealing day (a) on or after 14 May 2023, or (b) on which the average management fee charged by the Investor Share Class equals or exceeds 1.5% per annum of the Investor Share Class' net assets for the period ending on that dealing day and beginning on the later of (i) 12 months prior to that dealing day, or (ii) 14 May 2020. Please refer to the Fund's prospectus for more details. † This 0.3% per annum reduction is provided because investors in the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) are subject to an additional administrative fee, as they separately agree with Allan Gray Proprietary Limited (or one of its affiliates) from time to time.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk. See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

Fund data for the period before 14 May 2020 relates to the Investor Share Class. Active share is temporarily calculated in reference to the FTSE World Index.

Total management fee consists of 1.5% per annum ± up to 1%, based on 3 year rolling outperformance/(underperformance) vs the FTSE World Index. Beginning 14 May 2020, for its application to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A), this fee is reduced by 0.3% per annum.†



Orbis Global Equity Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) ("Shared Investor RRF Class (A)")

This Fact Sheet is a Minimum Disclosure Document and a monthly General Investor Report as required by the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Investment Manager	Orbis Investment Management Limited
Fund Inception date	1 January 1990
Class Inception date (Shared Investor RR	F Class (A)) 14 May 2020
Number of shares (Shared Investor RRF (Class (A)) 3,653,244
Income distributions during the last 12 m	onths None

Fund Objective and Benchmark

The Fund is designed for investors who have made the "asset allocation" decision to invest a predetermined amount in global equities. It seeks higher returns than the average of the world's equity markets, without greater risk of loss. A benchmark is used by the Fund for two purposes: performance comparison (the "Fund Benchmark") and performance fee calculation (the "Performance Fee Benchmark"). The Fund Benchmark is the FTSE World Index, including income, before the deduction of withholding taxes ("FTSE World Index"). The Performance Fee Benchmark of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) is the MSCI World Index, including income and after deduction of withholding taxes.

How We Aim to Achieve the Fund's Objective/Adherence to Objective

The Fund is actively managed and seeks to remain virtually fully invested in and exposed to global stockmarkets. It invests in equities considered to offer superior fundamental value. These equities are selected using extensive proprietary investment research. Orbis devotes a substantial proportion of its business efforts to detailed "bottom up" investment research conducted with a long-term perspective, believing that such research makes superior long-term performance attainable. The lower the price of a share as compared to its assessed intrinsic value, the more attractive Orbis considers the equity's fundamental value. The Investment Manager believes that over the long term, equity investing based on this approach offers superior returns and reduces the risk of loss. The Fund may, to the extent permitted by its investment restrictions, also periodically hold cash and cash equivalents when the Investment Manager believes this to be consistent with the Fund's investment objective.

Exchange rate fluctuations significantly influence global investment returns. For this reason, part of Orbis' research effort is devoted to forecasting currency trends. Taking into account these expected trends, Orbis actively reviews the Fund's currency exposure. In doing so, Orbis places particular focus on managing the Fund's exposure to those currencies considered less likely to hold their long-term value. The Fund's currency deployment therefore frequently differs significantly from the geographic deployment of its selected equities.

The Fund does not seek to mirror the Fund Benchmark but may instead deviate meaningfully from it in pursuit of superior long-term capital appreciation.

The net returns of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from its inception on 14 May 2020, stitched with the net returns of the Investor Share Class from the Fund's inception to 14 May 2020, have outperformed the stitched Performance Fee Benchmarks of the respective classes. The Fund will experience periods of underperformance in pursuit of its long-term objective.

Management Fee

As is described in more detail in the Fund's Prospectus, the Fund's various share classes bear different management fees. The fees are designed to align the Investment Manager's interests with those of investors in the Fund.

For an initial period of time, the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) is charging the fee of the Investor Share Class, reduced by 0.3% per annum, with reference to the FTSE World Index. Numerous investors have switched to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) from the Investor Share Class. This temporary measure will ensure that the fees paid by investors account for underperformance experienced by the Investor Share Class before the inception date of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). The fee of the Investor Share Class that is currently being charged to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) is calculated as follows:

The fee rate is calculated weekly by comparing the Class' performance over three years against the FTSE World Index. For each percentage point of three year performance above or below that benchmark's performance, 0.04 percentage points are added to or subtracted from 1.5%, subject to the following limits:

Maximum fee: 2.5% per annumMinimum fee: 0.5% per annum

This fee is then reduced by 0.3% per annum. This 0.3% per annum reduction is provided because investors in the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) are subject to an additional administrative fee, as they separately agree with Allan Gray Proprietary Limited (or one of its affiliates) from time to time.

The Shared Investor RRF Class (A) will continue to charge the fee of the Investor Share Class, reduced by 0.3% per annum, with reference to the FTSE World Index until the earlier of the first dealing day (a) on or after 14 May 2023, or (b) on which the average management fee charged by the Investor Share Class equals or exceeds 1.5% per annum of the Investor Share Class' net assets for the period ending on that dealing day and beginning on the later of (i) 12 months prior to that dealing day, or (ii) 14 May 2020. After this point, the Class' management fee will instead be charged as follows:

- Base Fee: Calculated and accrued weekly at a rate of 0.8% per annum of the Class' net asset value. Investors separately pay an administrative fee directly to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates. The Investment Manager or one of its affiliates is entitled to receive a separate fee from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or one of its affiliates in connection with this administrative fee, related to services the Investment Manager and its affiliates provide to Allan Gray Proprietary Limited or its affiliates.
- Refundable Performance Fee: When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and an additional 0.3% per annum, which is deemed to be representative of the aforementioned administrative fee) beats the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the outperformance is paid into a reserve and reinvested into the Fund. If the value of the reserve is positive on any dealing day, the Investment Manager is entitled to a performance fee in an amount capped at the lesser of an annualised rate of (a) one-third of the reserve's net asset value and (b) 2.5% of the net asset value of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). Fees paid from the reserve to the Investment Manager are not available to be refunded as described below.

When the performance of the Shared Investor RRF Class (A) (after deducting the Base Fee and the aforementioned additional 0.3% per annum) trails the Performance Fee Benchmark over the period from one dealing day to the next, 25% of the value of the underperformance is refunded from the reserve to the Shared Investor RRF Class (A). If at any time sufficient value does not exist in the reserve to provide the refund, a reserve recovery mark is set, and subsequent underperformance is tracked. Such relative losses must be recovered before any outperformance results in any payment to the reserve.

Please review the Fund's prospectus for additional detail and for a description of the management fee borne by the Fund's other share classes.



Orbis Global Equity Fund

Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) ("Shared Investor RRF Class (A)")

Fees, Expenses and Total Expense Ratio (TER)

In addition to the fees payable to its Investment Manager, the Fund bears operating costs, including the costs of maintaining its stock exchange listing, Bermuda government fees, legal and auditing fees, reporting expenses, the cost of preparing its Prospectus and communication costs. Finally, the Fund incurs costs when buying or selling underlying investments. Operating costs (excluding the Investment Manager's fee, the cost of buying and selling assets, interest and brokerage charges and certain taxes) attributable to the Fund's Shared Investor RRF Class (A) are currently capped at 0.15% per annum of the net asset value of that class.

Where an investor subscribes or redeems an amount representing 5% or more of the net asset value of the Fund, the Investment Manager may cause the Fund to levy a fee of 0.40% of the net asset value of the Fund's shares being acquired or redeemed.

The annual management fees charged are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Class over a 12 month period, excluding trading costs. Since Fund and Class returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns. Expenses may vary, so the current TER is not a reliable indicator of future TERs.

Risk/Reward Profile

- The Fund is designed for investors who have made the "asset allocation" decision to invest a predetermined amount in global equities.
- · Investments in the Fund may suffer capital loss.
- Investors should understand that the Investment Manager generally assesses an equity investment's attractiveness using a three-to-five year time horizon.

Changes in the Fund's Top 10 Holdings

31 December 2021	%	31 March 2022	%
British American Tobacco	5.9	British American Tobacco	7.8
GXO Logistics	3.5	FLEETCOR Technologies	3.6
XPO Logistics	3.4	Global Payments	3.6
UnitedHealth Group	3.2	UnitedHealth Group	3.4
Naspers	3.2	XPO Logistics	3.4
Anthem	3.0	Anthem	3.1
ING Groep	2.8	Newcrest Mining	3.0
Global Payments	2.8	Howmet Aerospace	2.9
FLEETCOR Technologies	2.7	Progressive	2.8
Comcast	2.5	GXO Logistics	2.7
Total	33.0	Total	36.2

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk.



Orbis Global Equity Fund

Additional Information

South African residents should contact Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited at 0860 000 654 (toll free from within South Africa) or offshore_direct@allangray.co.za to receive, free of charge, additional information about a proposed investment (including Prospectus, application forms, annual reports and a schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions). The Investment Manager can be contacted at +1 441 296 3000 or clientservice@orbis.com. The Fund's Custodian is Citibank N.A., New York Offices, 388 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10013, U.S.A. All information provided herein is subject to the more detailed information provided in the Fund's Prospectus.

Share Price and Transaction Cut Off Times

Share prices are calculated for the (i) Investor Share Class(es), (ii) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es), (iii) Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class(es) (A), (iv) Standard Share Class(es) and (v) Standard Share Class(es) (A) on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time), (a) each Thursday (or, if a Thursday is not a business day, the preceding business day), (b) on the last business day of each month and/or (c) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (a) or (b), as determined by the Investment Manager or Manager (as indicated in the Fund's prospectus) without notice.

Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the Fund's current Prospectus. To be processed on a given dealing day: subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm on that dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; requests to switch from an Orbis SICAV Fund into a different Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund to a different Orbis Fund that is also an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm. All times given are Bermuda time, and all requests must be properly completed and accompanied by any required funds and/or information.

Share prices, updated weekly, are available:

- by e-mail, by registering with Orbis for this service at the Orbis website at www.orbis.com,
- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es) (A) and Standard Share Class(es) (A), from the Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited's website at www.allangray.co.za, and
- for the Shared Investor RRF Share Class(es), Standard Share Class(es), and Investor Share Class(es), from the Orbis website at www.orbis.com.

Legal Notices

Returns are net of fees, include income and assume reinvestment of dividends. Figures quoted are for the periods indicated for a \$10,000 investment (lump sum, for illustrative purposes only). Annualised returns show the average amount earned on an investment in the Fund/share class each year over the given time period. This Report does not constitute advice nor a recommendation to buy, sell or hold, nor an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy interests or shares in the Orbis Funds or other securities in the companies mentioned in it.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of an investment in the Fund may go down as well as up, and past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. The Investment Manager provides no guarantee with respect to capital or the Fund's returns. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Commission and incentives may be paid by investors to third parties and, if so, would be included in the overall costs. Individual investors' performance may differ as a result of investment date, reinvestment date and dividend withholding tax, as well as a levy that may apply in the case of transactions representing more than 5% of the Fund's net asset value. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Fund invests in foreign securities. Depending on their markets, trading in those securities may carry risks relating to, among others, macroeconomic and political circumstances, constraints on liquidity or the repatriation of funds, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, taxation and trade settlement.

The discussion topics for the commentaries were selected, and the commentaries were finalised and approved, by Orbis Investment Management Limited, the Fund's Investment Manager. Information in this Report is based on sources believed to be accurate and reliable and provided "as is" and in good faith. The Orbis Group does not make any representation or warranty as to accuracy, reliability, timeliness or completeness of the information in this Report. The Orbis Group disclaims all liability (whether arising in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise) for any error, omission, loss or damage (whether direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise) in connection with the information in this Report.

Fund Minimum

Minimum investment amounts in the Fund are specified in the Fund's Prospectus, provided that a new investor in the Orbis Funds must open an investment account with Orbis, which may be subject to minimum investment restrictions, country restrictions and/or other terms and conditions. For more information on opening an Orbis investment account, please visit www.orbis.com.

Clients investing via Allan Gray, which includes the Allan Gray Investment Platform, an Allan Gray investment pool or otherwise through Allan Gray Nominees, remain subject to the investment minimums specified by the applicable terms and conditions.

Sources

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Notes to Help You Understand This Report

Certain capitalised terms are defined in the Glossary section of the Orbis Funds' respective Prospectuses, copies of which are available upon request from Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited, a Member of the Association for Savings & Investments SA. The country and currency classification for securities follows that of third-party providers for comparability purposes. Emerging Markets follows MSCI classification when available and includes Frontier Markets. Emerging Markets currency exposure is based on currency denomination. Based on a number of factors including the location of the underlying business, Orbis may consider a security's classification to be different and manage the Funds' exposures accordingly. Totals presented in this Report may not sum due to rounding.

Risk measures are ex-post and calculated on a monthly return series. Months to recovery measures the number of months from the preceding peak in performance to recovery of that level of performance.

12 month portfolio turnover for the Orbis Equity and Multi-Asset Class Funds is calculated as the lesser of total security purchases or sales in the Fund over the period, divided by the average net asset value (NAV) of the Fund. Short-term fixed income instruments and net current assets are not included.

12 month name turnover for the Orbis Equity and Multi-Asset Class Funds is calculated as the number of positions held by the Fund at the start of the period but no longer held at the end of the period, divided by the total number of positions held by the Fund at the start of the period. Net current assets are not included.

Active share is a measure of the extent to which the holdings of the Orbis Equity and Multi-Asset Class Funds differ from their respective benchmark's holdings. It is calculated by summing the absolute value of the differences of the weight of each individual security in the specific Orbis Fund, versus the weight of each holding in the respective benchmark index, and dividing by two. For the Multi-Asset Class Funds, three calculations of active share are disclosed. The Portfolio active share incorporates the equity, fixed income, commodity-linked and other securities (as applicable) held by the Orbis Fund and compares those to the holdings of the composite benchmark. The Equity and Fixed Income active shares are calculated as if the equity and fixed income portions of the Orbis Funds are independent funds; each of those two sets of holdings is separately compared to the fully-weighted holdings in the appropriate component of the composite benchmark. Although the Multi-Asset Class Funds hedge stock and bond market exposure, the active share calculations are "gross" and not adjusted to reflect the hedging in place at any point in time.

For the Multi-Asset Class Funds, except where otherwise noted, government fixed income securities are aggregated by time to maturity and issuer. TIPS are not aggregated with ordinary treasuries.

Benchmark related information is as at the date of production based on data provided by the official benchmark and/or third party data providers. There may be timing differences between the date at which data is captured and reported.

The total expense ratio has been calculated using the expenses, excluding trading costs, for the 12 month period ending 31 March 2022.

Additional Notices for Orbis SICAV Funds

This is a marketing communication as defined by the ESMA guidelines on marketing materials. You should consider the relevant offering documents including the Fund Prospectus and Key Investor Information document before making any final investment decisions. These offering documents are available in English on our website (www.orbis.com). Please refer to the respective Fund's Prospectus for full information on the risks associated with investing.

Investors in a SICAV Fund can obtain a summary of their investor rights in English on our website (www.orbis.com). When investing in the Orbis Funds an investor acquires shares within the Fund and not in the underlying assets held within the Fund. The return of your investment may change as a result of currency fluctuations if the return is calculated in a currency different from the currency shown in this Report.